- 2.8 Realtor.com®, a division of Move, is the primary vehicle for Move's business-to-consumer and consumer line of business. Realtor.com provides consumers with comprehensive real estate information, including real estate listings for purchase or rent.
- 2.9 Move offers business-to-business products and services through its TopProducer®, TigerLead®, and FiveStreet™ lines of business. TopProducer, TigerLead, and FiveStreet provide real estate agents with lead-generation, relationship-management, and website-development services.
- 2.10 Move also operates ListHub™. ListHub aggregates data directly from multiple listing services ("MLSs") and real estate brokers. ListHub syndicates the compiled data to approximately 130 publishers, including Zillow and other online real estate companies.
- 2.11 Move's access to data direct from the MLSs is unique in the online real estate market.

Errol Samuelson's job duties with Move, and his knowledge of the trade secrets of Move, RS, NAR, and RIN

- 2.12 Mr. Samuelson began working for Move in 2001. After a brief interlude as a consultant, Mr. Samuelson rejoined Move in 2003 as a Senior Vice President of Operations and employee and President of TopProducer.
- 2.13 In 2006, Mr. Samuelson became the head of Move's sales and an officer of Move for purposes of section 16 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. § 78a).
 - 2.14 In 2007, Mr. Samuelson became President of realtor.com.
- 2.15 In 2009, Mr. Samuelson became Chief Revenue Officer of RealSelect and Move, with responsibility for revenue for all of Move's businesses.
- 2.16 Mr. Samuelson was primarily responsible for Move's acquisition of ListHub in September 2010, and the operations of ListHub reported to Mr. Samuelson.

- 2.17 In 2012, Mr. Samuelson was the chief negotiator for Move in the purchase of TigerLead.
- 2.18 In 2013, Mr. Samuelson became Chief Strategy Officer for RealSelect and Move, a position Move created for him. He directed strategy for all of Move's business lines. Mr. Samuelson remained the President of realtor.com.
- 2.19 In Mr. Samuelson's role as Chief Strategy Officer, he oversaw Move's business development and personally directed the team responsible for identifying assets and companies to consider acquiring or merging with.
- 2.20 Beginning in August 2013 Mr. Samuelson was involved in Move's discussions of its budget, strategic planning, and technology development plan for 2014. That process was not complete until the week before he resigned.
- 2.21 In 2009-2013, Mr. Samuelson was Move's second-highest compensated employee. He was the only employee to receive perquisites.
- 2.22 Mr. Samuelson's former roles at Move gave him access to and knowledge of essentially all of Move's trade secrets across all of its business lines, whether those secrets dealt with finance, technology, data content, strategy, marketing, or some another aspect of the business.
- 2.23 The secrets known to Mr. Samuelson would inevitably be useful to him and to Zillow in his role at Zillow.
- 2.24 As President of realtor.com, and in later roles within Move, Mr. Samuelson was involved in negotiations of amendments to the strategic partnership between NAR, RIN, and Move.

- 2.25 Mr. Samuelson was the chief negotiator of a major update to the strategic partnership agreement between Move, RS, NAR and RIN in the middle of 2013.
- 2.26 The negotiation of the strategic partnership involved sharing of confidential information with the protection of a mutual non-disclosure agreement.
- 2.27 While the primary document memorializing the Move/RS/NAR/RIN strategic partnership agreement is public, the attachments to that agreement are not. Mr. Samuelson is familiar with the non-public details of the agreements and relationship between NAR, RIN, RS and Move.
- 2.28 In the course of negotiations with NAR and RIN, in the day-to-day operations of realtor.com, and in joint strategy discussions with NAR and RIN, Mr. Samuelson gained access to the strategic trade secrets of NAR and RIN.
- 2.29 Because Zillow competes with realtor.com, Mr. Samuelson's knowledge of the trade secrets of NAR and RIN will inevitably help and influence him in his new role at Zillow.

Mr. Samuelson's contractual obligations to avoid conflicts of interest and preserve confidentiality

- 2.30 Each quarter that he was employed by, and an officer of, Move, Mr. Samuelson certified in writing that he had read, understood, and would abide by Move's Code of Conduct and Business Ethics.
- 2.31 Section B of the Code, "Conflict of Interest," required every Move employee to avoid any interest that conflicts or appears to conflict with the interests of the company or that could reasonably be determined to harm the company's reputation.
- 2.32 Section C of the Code required Mr. Samuelson to keep proprietary and confidential information concerning Move's business and the business of the company's clients and suppliers confidential during and after his employment.

- 2.33 Section C of the Code also required him to comply with Move's Invention Assignment and Confidentiality Agreement ("Confidentiality Agreement").
- 2.34 Section 1 of the Confidentiality Agreement recognizes that the identity and particular needs of Move's customers and suppliers, as well as the documents and information regarding Move's customer suppliers, services, methods of operation, sales, pricing, and costs are trade secrets.
- 2.35 Section 1 of the Confidentiality Agreement recognizes that the loss of Move's trade secrets cannot be adequately compensated by damages in an action at law.
- 2.36 Section 8 of the Confidentiality Agreement required Mr. Samuelson, during and after employment, to keep and hold all of Move's proprietary information, which includes its trade secrets, in strict confidence and trust.
- 2.37 Section 8 of the Confidentiality Agreement required Mr. Samuelson, upon termination, to promptly deliver to Move all documents and materials of any nature pertaining to his work with Move and not to keep any documents or materials or copies thereof containing any proprietary information.
- 2.38 Section 13 of the Confidentiality Agreement prohibited Mr. Samuelson, after termination from Move, from directly or indirectly soliciting Move's suppliers or customers if information about the supplier or customer relationship is trade secret.
- 2.39 Section 15 of the Confidentiality Agreement recognizes that a breach or threatened breach of the Confidentiality Agreement by Mr. Samuelson may cause irreparable harm to Move and therefore entitle Move to an immediate injunction or other appropriate restraining order, without the need for Move to prove any actual damage.

Errol Samuelson arranged to defect to Zillow, destroyed evidence, and then resigned from Move without notice

- 2.40 Samuelson met with everyone on the Zillow executive team as well as the executive chairman (Rich Barton) and his co-founder (Llyod Fink) before resigning and while he was an officer of Move.
- 2.41 On March 4, 2014, after deciding to join Zillow, Mr. Samuelson erased all memory from the laptop, iPhone, and iPad issued to him for business purposes by Move.
- 2.42 Mr. Samuelson erased the memory on those devices for personal reasons, despite consistent warnings that the devices and the data they contained belonged to Move.
- 2.43 Every time Mr. Samuelson logged into his Move-issued computer, he was confronted with a screen that required him to click an "OK" button certifying that he understood that the computer belonged to Move, that all activity on the computer can be monitored by Move, and that he has no expectation of any privacy in connection with his use of the computer.
- 2.44 Numerous times over the last several years, Move informed Mr. Samuelson that it was placing "litigation holds" for various lawsuits on all related business documents, including paper files and electronic files on his laptop and other devices, and instructed him to retain, preserve, and not discard, destroy, delete, purge or alter in any way documents, files, or any data on those devices.
- 2.45 Before destroying the memory on the laptop, iPhone, and iPad, Mr. Samuelson copied some business data from the laptop onto an external drive and left it at the TopProducer office.
 - 2.46 Move has been unable to recover any data from the laptop, iPhone, or iPad.
- 2.47 Mr. Samuelson has not returned to Move the Move-issued Dell laptop he used for business purposes up until about three months before his resignation from Move.

- 2.48 On Tuesday, March 4, 2014, at 4:00 p.m., while still an employee and officer of Move, Inc., Mr. Samuelson sent an electronic invitation to Move's head of human resources, Carol Brummer, to join him for a phone call at 9:00 a.m. the next morning.
- 2.49 At 9:00 a.m. on Wednesday, March 5, 2014, Mr. Samuelson called Ms. Brummer and announced that he was resigning effective immediately.
- 2.50 In his employment with Move, Mr. Samuelson did not report to Ms. Brummer. He reported to the CEO, Steven Berkowitz.
- 2.51 Ms. Brummer asked Mr. Samuelson if he had spoken with Mr. Berkowitz. He had
 - 2.52 Mr. Samuelson told Ms. Brummer that he was going to Zillow.
- 2.53 In a later phone call to Ms. Brummer, Mr. Samuelson mentioned that Zillow would be putting out a press release at 1:00 p.m. that day about his transition and that he was aware of its contents.
- 2.54 Mr. Samuelson later notified Mr. Berkowitz by voice mail message that he had resigned and Zillow would be issuing a press release at 1:00 p.m. that day.
 - Zillow did issue its press release at 1:00 p.m. that dayMr. Samuelson's departure was timed to damage Move and inhibit Move's response
- 2.56 Move believes that while he was an officer of Move, Mr. Samuelson planned his defection to Zillow over the course of several weeks.
- 2.57 On March 4 and 5, 2014, Morgan Stanley hosted a conference for significant investors in technology companies.
- 2.58 Mr. Samuelson and Zillow were aware well ahead-of-time that Zillow was scheduled to give a presentation on March 4 and Move was scheduled to present on March 5.

- 2.59 Mr. Samuelson and Zillow knew that Mr. Berkowitz was going to be spending the day on March 5, 2014 in meetings with significant investors and would be unable to devote himself to responding to the news of Mr. Samuelson's departure.
- 2.60 Mr. Samuelson and Zillow also knew that Zillow's press release announcing Mr. Samuelson's transition would go public in the middle of Move's investor meetings.

Mr. Samuelson has divulged and will continue to divulge trade secrets to Zillow

- 2.61 Zillow created a new role within its organization for Mr. Samuelson: Chief Industry Development Officer in charge of Zillow's industry relations strategy.
- 2.62 Mr. Samuelson's job will be to build Zillow's relationships with real estate brokers, franchisors, MLSs, and trade associations and to oversee Zillow's business-to-business product solutions; such duties mirror those that Mr. Samuelson had at Move.
- 2.63 In all of Mr. Samuelson's roles at Zillow, his task will be to help Zillow compete more effectively against Move.
- 2.64 Mr. Samuelson's vast knowledge of Move's trade secrets, strategies, products, and business relationships, particularly his knowledge of Move's strategic plans vis-à-vis Zillow, makes it impossible for him to function in his new position at Zillow without disclosing, or at least using, Move's trade secrets in a manner harmful to Move.
- Zillow, and personally negotiated Zillow's contract with ListHubTM He is aware of Move's strategic motivations in its negotiations with Zillow. ListHub is the primary source of real estate listing information for Zillow. Mr. Samuelson's knowledge of Move's side of Zillow's relationship with ListHub will inevitably be useful to Mr. Samuelson and Zillow if Mr. Samuelson continues in his new role at Zillow.

2.66 On March 4, and March 10, 2014, Move heard statements by third parties that contained information or ideas that the speakers could not have known unless Mr. Samuelson had shared Move trade secrets with Zillow.

III. CAUSES OF ACTION

Cause of Action 1: All plaintiffs allege violation of the Uniform Trade Secrets Act, RCW 19.108

- 3.1 Plaintiffs incorporate by references the foregoing sections of this Complaint.
- 3.2 The trade secrets at issue in this cause of action consist of the confidential information, compilations, programs, methods, techniques, and processes known to Mr. Samuelson as a result of the roles he had as an employee, executive, and officer of Move and as President of realtor.com. Those trade secrets include but are not limited to information about finance, budget, technological capabilities, data content, products, initiatives, strategies, marketing, and other aspects of plaintiffs' businesses and the strategic partnership between plaintiffs.
- 3.3 The trade secrets derive independent economic value for plaintiffs from the fact that they are not generally known to competitors of Move, realtor.com, and RIN, including Zillow. The trade secrets guide plaintiffs' competitive efforts. The fact that the trade secrets are not known to competitors provides plaintiffs with competitive advantages that translate into revenue for Move, realtor.com, and RIN that would not be realized or would be decreased if the competitive actions of competitors like Zillow were also guided by the trade secrets.
- 3.4 The trade secrets are not reasonably ascertainable through proper means because they cannot be determined through the reasonable examination of public knowledge.
- 3.5 The trade secrets are the subject of measures that are reasonable under the circumstances to maintain their secrecy. Those measures include, but are not limited to, Move's

limiting access to certain financial, strategic, and other sensitive information to the executive team or an even smaller group of executives; Move's requiring confidential password logins for all company computers; Move's requirement that all employees to abide by the confidentiality provisions in the Code of Conduct and the Confidentiality Agreement; Move's requirement of non-disclosure agreements in significant negotiations and contracts; Move's requirement that executives certify their compliance with the Code of Conduct each quarter; and the mutual non-disclosure agreements between Move, RS, NAR and RIN.

- 3.6 Mr. Samuelson misappropriated plaintiffs' trade secrets because he acquired them by improper means, namely misrepresentation. Through his actions, including his agreement to abide by the Code of Conduct, and through his failure to disclose that he was defecting to Zillow, Mr. Samuelson led plaintiffs to believe that he would safeguard their trade secrets. Because they were misled by Mr. Samuelson, plaintiffs continued to supply him with trade secrets.
- 3.7 Mr. Samuelson misappropriated plaintiffs' trade secrets because he has disclosed them to Zillow and used them on Zillow's behalf without express or implied consent from plaintiffs. Mr. Samuelson acquired plaintiffs' trade secrets under circumstances giving rise to a duty to maintain their secrecy. His duty to maintain secrecy arises from the fact that at the time he acquired the trade secrets, he was an employee, executive, and officer of Move, President of realtor.com, signatory to the Move Code of Conduct, and bound by the non-disclosure agreements between Move, RS, NAR and RIN.
- 3.8 Zillow misappropriated plaintiffs' trade secrets because it acquired them knowing, or with reason to know, that they were acquired by Mr. Samuelson through improper means.

 Zillow knew that plaintiffs continued to communicate trade secrets to Mr. Samuelson after he

had decided to leave Move and realtor.com because plaintiffs were misled into believing that Mr. Samuelson could still be trusted with their trade secrets.

- 3.9 Zillow misappropriated plaintiffs' trade secrets because it has used them without the express or implied consent of plaintiffs. It used and disclosed them on or prior to March 4 and 10, 2014. At the time of use, Zillow knew that the trade secrets were acquired or derived from or through Mr. Samuelson, who owed a duty to plaintiffs to maintain the secrecy of the trade secrets.
- 3.10 Zillow's act of hiring Mr. Samuelson to act as its Chief Industry Development Officer in charge of Zillow's industry relations strategy—which he cannot do to the best of his ability without using or disclosing plaintiffs' trade secrets—constitutes a threatened misappropriation of plaintiffs' trade secrets.
- 3.11 Mr. Samuelson's act of accepting employment as Zillow's Chief Industry Development Officer in charge of Zillow's industry relations strategy—a job which he cannot perform to the best of his ability without using or disclosing plaintiffs' trade secrets—constitutes a threatened misappropriation of plaintiffs' trade secrets.
- 3.12 If Mr. Samuelson undertakes the tasks for which he was hired by Zillow, the unauthorized disclosure or use of plaintiffs' trade secrets, by Mr. Samuelson and Zillow, is inevitable.
- 3.13 The misappropriation of trade secrets by defendants has harmed and will continue to harm plaintiffs because it provides Zillow with a competitive advantage it would not have in the absence of the misappropriation. This advantage damages plaintiffs' reputation, goodwill, relationships with customers and vendors, and damages plaintiffs financially.

Cause of Action 2: Move alleges Breach of Fiduciary Duty

- 3.14 Plaintiff incorporates by reference the allegations in sections 1 and 2 of this Complaint.
- 3.15 As an officer of Move, from 2006 through March 5, 2014, Mr. Samuelson owed fiduciary duties to Move, including duties of good faith and the utmost duty of undivided loyalty.
- 3.16 Mr. Samuelson breached his fiduciary duties by choosing to damage Move and benefit himself by accepting employment with Move's biggest competitor while he was still an officer of Move.
- 3.17 Mr. Samuelson breached his fiduciary duties when, for personal reasons, he shared trade secrets with Move's biggest competitor while he was still an officer of Move. In so doing, Mr. Samuelson exploited his position within Move for personal gain.
- 3.18 Mr. Samuelson breached his fiduciary duties when, for personal reasons and while still an officer of Move, he erased the memory from Move's laptop, iPad, and iPhone.
- 3.19 Mr. Samuelson's breaches of fiduciary duty have harmed and will continue to harm Move because they provide Zillow with a competitive advantage it would not have in the absence of the breaches. This advantage damages Move's reputation, goodwill, relationships with customers and vendors, and damages Move financially.

Cause of action 3: Move alleges Breach of Contract

- 3.20 Plaintiffs incorporate by reference the allegations in sections 1 and 2 of this Complaint.
- 3.21 Mr. Samuelson's repeated certification of the Move Code of Conduct created a binding contract between Mr. Samuelson and Move. The contract included the terms of the Code of Conduct and the Move Confidentiality Agreement.

- Mr. Samuelson breached his contract with Move by creating a conflict of interest, 3.22 which damaged his job performance and Move's business during the period when he had decided to join Zillow but continued to work for Move.
- Mr. Samuelson breached his contract with Move by divulging confidential 3.23 information to Zillow.
- Mr. Samuelson breached his contact with Move by destroying business records 3.24 belonging to Move when he erased the memory on Move's laptop, iPad, and iPhone.
- Mr. Samuelson's breaches of contract have harmed and will continue to harm 3.25 Move because they provide Zillow with a competitive advantage it would not have in the absence of the breaches. This advantage damages Move's reputation, goodwill, relationships with customers and vendors, and damages Move financially.

IV. PRAYER FOR RELIEF

- 4.1 Plaintiffs incorporate all earlier allegations.
- Based on the foregoing, Plaintiffs request the following relief: 4.2
 - An award of damages in an amount to be determined;
- An award of temporary injunctive relief to protect plaintiffs' trade secrets 4.2.2 and to prevent further actual, threatened, and inevitable trade secret misappropriation, breaches of fiduciary duty, and breaches of contract;
- An award of preliminary injunctive relief to protect plaintiffs' trade secrets and to prevent further actual, threatened, and inevitable trade secret misappropriation, breaches of fiduciary duty, and breaches of contract and to eliminate the commercial advantage that Mr. Samuelson and Zillow would otherwise derive from the trade secret misappropriation;

1	4.2.4 An award of permanent injunctive relief to protect plaintiffs' trade secrets
2	and to prevent further actual, threatened, and inevitable trade secret misappropriation, breaches
3	of fiduciary duty, and breaches of contract and to eliminate the commercial advantage that Mr.
4	Samuelson and Zillow would otherwise derive from the trade secret misappropriation;
5	4.2.5 An award of attorney fees, expenses, and costs; and
6	4.2.6 Such other relief as the Court deems just and equitable.
7	
8	Respectfully submitted this 17 th day of March, 2014.
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