UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON SEATTLE DIVISION

Case No. 2:21-cv-1567

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

STEVEN SILVERBERG, Individually and on Behalf of All Others Similarly Situated,

v.

WACKSMAN,

ZILLOW GROUP, INC., RICHARD

BARTON, ALLEN PARKER, and JEREMY

Plaintiff,

Defendants.

13

14

15

16

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

17

Plaintiff Steven Silverberg ("Plaintiff"), individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, by and through Plaintiff's attorneys, alleges the following upon information and belief, except as to those allegations concerning Plaintiff, which are alleged upon personal knowledge. Plaintiff's information and belief is based upon, among other things, the investigation by Plaintiff's counsel, which includes without limitation: (a) review and analysis of regulatory filings made by Zillow Group, Inc. ("Zillow" or the "Company") with the United States ("U.S.") Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"); (b) review and analysis of press releases and media reports issued by and disseminated by Zillow; and (c) review of other publicly available information concerning Zillow.

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT - 1

BADGLEY MULLINS TURNER PLLC

19929 Ballinger Way NE, Suite 200 Seattle, WA 98155 TEL 206.621.6566 FAX 206.621.9686

NATURE OF THE ACTION

- 1. This is a class action on behalf of persons and entities that purchased or otherwise acquired Zillow securities between February 10, 2021 and November 2, 2021, inclusive (the "Class Period"). Plaintiff pursues claims against the Defendants under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act").
- 2. Zillow is a real estate company that purports to offer customers "an on-demand experience for selling, buying, renting or financing with transparence." The Company's "Zillow Offers" business "buys and sells homes directly in dozens of markets across the country, allowing sellers control over their timeline."
- 3. Throughout the Class Period, Defendants made materially false and/or misleading statements, as well as failed to disclose material adverse facts about the Company's business, operations, and prospects. Specifically, Defendants failed to disclose to investors that:

 (i) despite operational improvements, the Company experienced significant unpredictability in forecasting home prices for its Zillow Offers business; (ii) such unpredictability, as well as labor and supply shortages, led to a backlog of inventory; (iii) as a result of the foregoing, the Company was reasonably likely to wind-down its Zillow Offers business, which would have a material adverse impact on its financial results; and (iv) as a result of the foregoing, Defendants' positive statements about the Company's business, operations, and prospects were materially misleading and/or lacked a reasonable basis.
- 4. On October 18, 2021, the Company announced that Zillow Offers suspended signing of new contracts through 2021 and would focus on its current inventory, citing "a backlog in renovations and operational capacity restraints." Zillow claimed that "[p]ausing new

contracts will enable us to focus on sellers already under contract with us and our current home inventory."

- 5. On this news, Zillow's Class A share price fell \$8.84, or 9.4%, to close at \$85.46 per share on October 18, 2021, and Zillow's Class C share price fell \$8.97, or 9.4%, to close at \$86.00 per share on October 18, 2021, on unusually heavy trading volume.
- 6. Then, on November 2, 2021, after the market closed, Zillow announced that it would wind-down Zillow Offers because "the unpredictability in forecasting home prices far exceeds what we anticipated and continuing to scale Zillow Offers would result in too much earnings and balance-sheet volatility." As a result, third quarter 2021 financial results included "a write-down of inventory of approximately \$304 million within the Homes segment as a result of purchasing homes in Q3 at higher prices than the [C]ompany's current estimates of future selling prices." Moreover, the "[C]ompany further expects an additional \$240 million to \$265 million of losses to be recognized in Q4 primarily on homes it expects to purchase in Q4." The "wind-down is expected to take several quarters and will include a reduction of Zillow's workforce by approximately 25%."
- 7. On this news, Zillow's Class A share price fell \$19.62, or 23%, to close at \$65.86 per share on November 3, 2021, on unusually heavy trading volume. Zillow's Class C share price fell \$21.73, or 25%, to close at \$65.47 per share on November 3, 2021, on unusually heavy trading volume.
- 8. As a result of Defendants' wrongful acts and omissions, and the precipitous decline in the market value of the Company's securities, Plaintiff and other Class members have suffered significant losses and damages.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 9. The claims asserted herein arise under Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Exchange Act (15 U.S.C. §§ 78j(b) and 78t(a)) and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder by the SEC (17 C.F.R. § 240.10b-5).
- 10. This Court has jurisdiction over the subject matter of this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331 and Section 27 of the Exchange Act (15 U.S.C. § 78aa).
- 11. Venue is proper in this Judicial District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) and Section 27 of the Exchange Act (15 U.S.C. § 78aa(c)). Substantial acts in furtherance of the alleged fraud or the effects of the fraud have occurred in this Judicial District. Many of the acts charged herein, including the dissemination of materially false and/or misleading information, occurred in substantial part in this Judicial District. In addition, the Company's principal executive offices are in this District.
- 12. In connection with the acts, transactions, and conduct alleged herein, Defendants directly and indirectly used the means and instrumentalities of interstate commerce, including the U.S. mail, interstate telephone communications, and the facilities of a national securities exchange.

PARTIES

- 13. Plaintiff, as set forth in the accompanying certification, incorporated by reference herein, purchased Zillow securities during the Class Period, and suffered damages as a result of the federal securities law violations and false and/or misleading statements and/or material omissions alleged herein.
- 14. Defendant Zillow is incorporated under the laws of Delaware with its principal executive offices located in Seattle, Washington. Zillow's Class A common stock trades on the

NASDAQ Exchange ("NASDAQ") under the symbol "ZG," and its Class C common stock trades on the NASDAQ under the symbol "Z."

- 15. Defendant Richard Barton ("Barton") was the Company's Chief Executive Officer at all relevant times.
- 16. Defendant Allen Parker ("Parker") was the Company's Chief Financial Officer at all relevant times.
- 17. Defendant Jeremy Wacksman ("Wacksman") was the Company's Chief Operating Officer at all relevant times.
- Defendants Barton, Parker, and Wacksman (collectively, the "Individual Defendants"), because of their positions with the Company, possessed the power and authority to control the contents of the Company's reports to the SEC, press releases and presentations to securities analysts, money and portfolio managers and institutional investors, *i.e.*, the market. The Individual Defendants were provided with copies of the Company's reports and press releases alleged herein to be misleading prior to, or shortly after, their issuance and had the ability and opportunity to prevent their issuance or cause them to be corrected. Because of their positions and access to material non-public information available to them, the Individual Defendants knew that the adverse facts specified herein had not been disclosed to, and were being concealed from, the public, and that the positive representations which were being made were then materially false and/or misleading. The Individual Defendants are liable for the false statements pleaded herein.

SUBSTANTIVE ALLEGATIONS

Background

19. Zillow is a real estate company that purports to offer customers "an on-demand experience for selling, buying, renting or financing with transparence." The Company's "Zillow

Offers" business "buys and sells homes directly in dozens of markets across the country, allowing sellers control over their timeline."

Materially False and Misleading Statements Issued During the Class Period

- 20. The Class Period begins on February 10, 2021, when Zillow announced its fourth quarter and full year 2020 financial results. During the related conference call, Defendant Barton stated that the Company's "burgeoning sell-side business, Zillow Offers, proved durable through some bad weather." The Company "paused home buying to manage risk during the early days of the pandemic, but exited 2020 with our quarterly acquisitions pace returning to Q4 2019 levels." Defendant Parker stated that "[d]uring Q4, Zillow Offers benefited from operational improvements, stronger than expected home appreciation across the country, a strong customer value proposition and faster sales philosophy."
- 21. On February 12, 2021, the Company filed its annual report on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2020, affirming the previously reported financial results. It stated, in relevant part:

Zillow Offers Business Depends on Our Ability to Accurately Value Homes and Manage Inventory and a Failure to Do So May Have an Adverse Effect on Our Business and Financial Results.

The success of Zillow Offers depends in part on our ability to efficiently acquire, renovate and sell properties. We underwrite and price the homes we buy and sell through Zillow Offers using in-person evaluations and data science and proprietary algorithms based on a number of factors, including our knowledge of the real estate markets in which Zillow Offers operates. These assessments include the estimated time from purchase to sale, the cost of updating a home, market conditions and potential resale proceeds, closing costs and holding costs. These assessments may be inaccurate. Our pricing model may not account for submarket nuances – for example, the location of a home on a hill or in a building – which could have a significant impact on price. If valuations are too low and/or fees are too high, conversion rates and customer satisfaction may be adversely impacted, as our offers may not be competitive. In addition, we may not discover latent home construction defects or environmental hazards or other conditions requiring remediation or impacting the value of the home in a timely manner, or at all, which may require us to write down the inventory value of those homes or

prevent us from reselling them for the price we anticipated or at all. We may be unable to acquire or sell inventory at attractive prices, in a timely manner, or at all. We may also be unable to finance and manage inventory effectively. As a result, our revenue, gross profit and results of operations may be affected, which could have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations, and financial condition.

22. On May 4, 2021, Zillow announced its first quarter 2021 financial results in a press release that stated, in relevant part:

Recent highlights include:

- Consolidated first-quarter revenue of \$1.2 billion and revenue for each segment exceeded the high end of the company's outlook for the first quarter.
- Consolidated net income was \$52 million for the first quarter. Segment income (loss) before income taxes was \$144 million, \$(58) million and \$(2) million for the IMT, Homes and Mortgages segments, respectively, for the first quarter.
- First-quarter Adjusted EBITDA exceeded the high end of the company's outlook for all three segments, resulting in consolidated Adjusted EBITDA of \$181 million.
- On May 4, 2021, Zillow held a conference call in connection with its first quarter 2021 financial results. During the call, Defendant Barton stated that "Zillow Offers continued to accelerate out of the pause we instituted in the pandemic, generating over \$700 million in revenue and *surpassing our internal expectations on revenue*, *EBITDA and unit level economics*." Defendant Parker agreed that "[g]rowth in Zillow Offers continued to reaccelerate in Q1" and "[r]esale velocity was above our expectations."
- 24. On August 5, 2021, Zillow announced its second quarter 2021 financial results in a press release that stated, in relevant part:

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT - 7

¹ Unless otherwise stated, all emphasis in bold and italics hereinafter is added.

"Zillow is making rapid and significant progress toward building a seamless, integrated real estate experience for our customers and partners. Our strong second-quarter results show how well we're executing on the three- to five-year growth objectives we announced in 2019," said Zillow Group co-founder and CEO Rich Barton." Of particular note, our iBuying business, Zillow Offers, continues to accelerate as we offer more customers a fast, fair, flexible and convenient way to move. Zillow Offers is proving attractive to sellers even in this sizzling-hot seller's market. Finally, we expect millennial-buyers, low interest rates, and the increasing adoption of location-flexible work policies, to fuel interest in moving for many years to come. And these movers will increasingly demand e-commerce-like solutions where Zillow excels."

Recent highlights include:

- Consolidated second-quarter revenue of \$1.3 billion and revenue for the IMT and Homes segments exceeded the high end of the company's second-quarter outlook.
- Consolidated second-quarter gross profit was \$538 million, up 92% year over year.
- Consolidated net income was \$10 million for the second quarter. Segment income (loss) before income taxes was \$134 million, \$(59) million and \$(18) million for the IMT, Homes and Mortgages segments, respectively, for the second quarter.
- Second-quarter Adjusted EBITDA of \$183 million and Adjusted EBITDA for the IMT and Homes segments exceeded the high end of the company's second-quarter outlook. Adjusted EBITDA by segment was \$218 million, \$(29) million and \$(6) million for the IMT, Homes and Mortgages segments, respectively, for the second quarter.
- 25. Also on August 5, 2021, the Company held a conference call in connection with its second quarter 2021 financial results. During the call, Defendant Barton touted:

Zillow Offers continued to accelerate in Q2 with a record 3,805 homes purchased. We sold 2,086 homes generating a record \$777 million in revenue on our Home segment, surpassing our internal expectations for both revenue and EBITDA. Importantly, the Zillow Offers value proposition of a fast, fair, flexible and convenient close has proved more than durable, even in this sizzling hot sellers market.

26. During the August 5, 2021 call, Defendant Parker likewise stated that "[g]rowth in Zillow Offers continued to accelerate in Q2 and exceeded our expectations." The Company

"made progress this quarter in improving [its] pricing models, including launching the Neural Zestimate, which *sharpened* [its] Offers strength."

27. On September 13, 2021, Defendant Wacksman represented Zillow at the Piper Sandler 2021 Virtual Global Technology Conference. The presenter noted that "the Company was able to really effectively rebuild inventory in the second quarter and this was more of a challenge in 1Q" and asked Defendant Wacksman to discuss "what changed in the interim and how the company is getting better able to react to the current pricing environment with sharply rising prices." Defendant Wacksman replied:

Yes, I mean, you hit on it. Some of the inventory growth timing was just based on the fastest home price appreciation we — any of us had ever seen before and much stronger than both our internal and other third-party forecast we're seeing at the beginning of the year. So keeping up with rising home price appreciation, both on our acquisition side and then finding that price in the markets we're in, that continue to be a new and unique challenge coming out of pandemic. But I will say what we've learned is that this business, Zillow Offers, is a business that exists across all housing market cycles, right? And that's been a question that we've touched on over the past few years. Is Zillow Offers more interesting in a hot or a cold or a medium market? Zillow Offers is a really interesting opportunity for our customers in all markets So, we were really encouraged to see while we saw these incredibly hot markets, the strength and the appeal for Zillow Offers just continues to grow and we're even more confident now that this is going to be a service really in all-weather markets.

28. The above statements identified in ¶¶ 20-27 were materially false and/or misleading, and failed to disclose material adverse facts about the Company's business, operations, and prospects. Specifically, Defendants failed to disclose to investors that: (i) despite operational improvements, the Company experienced significant unpredictability in forecasting home prices for its Zillow Offers business; (ii) as a result, the Company was reasonably likely to wind-down its Zillow Offers business, which would have a material adverse impact on its financial results; and (iii) as a result of the foregoing, Defendants' positive statements about the

Company's business, operations, and prospects were materially misleading and/or lacked a reasonable basis.

The Truth Begins to Emerge

29. On October 18, 2021, the Company announced that Zillow Offers suspended signing of new contracts through 2021 and would focus on its current inventory. The Company issued a press release entitled "At Operational Capacity, 'Zillow Offers' to Focus on Signed Customer Contracts and Current Inventory; Suspends Signing of New Contracts Through 2021." It stated, in relevant part:

Due to a backlog in renovations and operational capacity constraints, Zillow announced its Zillow Offers business will not sign any new, additional contracts to buy homes through the end of the year. Pausing on new contracts will enable Zillow Offers to focus operations on purchasing homes with already-signed contracts, but have yet to close, and reducing the renovation pipeline. Zillow will continue to market and sell homes through Zillow Offers during this period.

"We're operating within a labor- and supply-constrained economy inside a competitive real estate market, especially in the construction, renovation and closing spaces," said Jeremy Wacksman, chief operating officer, Zillow. "We have not been exempt from these market and capacity issues and we now have an operational backlog for renovations and closings. Pausing new contracts will enable us to focus on sellers already under contract with us and our current home inventory."

- 30. On this news, Zillow's Class A share price fell \$8.84, or 9.4%, to close at \$85.46 per share on October 18, 2021, and Zillow's Class C share price fell \$8.97, or 9.4%, to close at \$86.00 per share on October 18, 2021, on unusually heavy trading volume.
- 31. The above statements identified in ¶ 29 were materially false and/or misleading, and failed to disclose material adverse facts about the Company's business, operations, and prospects. Specifically, Defendants failed to disclose to investors that: (i) despite operational improvements, the Company experienced significant unpredictability in forecasting home prices for its Zillow Offers business; (ii) such unpredictability, as well as labor and supply shortages,

led to a backlog of inventory; (iii) as a result of the foregoing, the Company was reasonably

10

13

14

16

17

18

19 20

21

22 23

24

25 26

27

likely to wind-down its Zillow Offers business, which would have a material adverse impact on its financial results; and (iv) as a result of the foregoing, Defendants' positive statements about the Company's business, operations, and prospects were materially misleading and/or lacked a reasonable basis. **The Truth Fully Emerges**

- 32. On November 2, 2021, after the market closed, Zillow announced its third quarter 2021 financial results in a press release and "its plan to wind down Zillow Offers." Zillow stated that "[t]he wind-down is expected to take several quarters and will include a reduction of Zillow's workforce by approximately 25%." In the press release, Defendant Barton stated that "the unpredictability in forecasting home prices far exceeds what we anticipated and continuing to scale Zillow Offers would result in too much earnings and balance-sheet volatility."
- 33. As a result, third quarter 2021 financial results included "a write-down of inventory of approximately \$304 million within the Homes segment as a result of purchasing homes in Q3 at higher prices than the [C]ompany's current estimates of future selling prices." Moreover, the "[C]ompany further expects an additional \$240 million to \$265 million of losses to be recognized in Q4 primarily on homes it expects to purchase in Q4." During the conference call held in connection with these results, Defendant Parker explained that the "estimated losses primarily relate to homes that were under contract to purchase as of the end of Q3 that we expect to acquire during O4 and that we expect to resell for less than purchased."
- 34. Also on November 2, 2021, after the market closed, The Wall Street Journal published an article entitled "Zillow Quits Home-Flipping Business, Cites Inability to Forecast Prices," pointing out that Zillow had once touted Zillow Offers as a venture that "could generate \$20 billion a year." Noting that "[u]ltralow mortgage-interest rates and a need for more space

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

1

to work from home have driven robust home-buying demand in the past year and a half," the article quoted Benjamin Keys, professor of real estate at the Wharton School of the University of Pennsylvania: "It feels like this would be a hard time to lose money buying and selling houses This is a time frame where prices have gone up in a lot of places, dramatically." The article also cited an analysis of Zillow's national performance by KeyBanc Capital Markets, which "found [the Company] had listed 66% of homes at prices below what it had paid for them, with an average discount of 4.5%." Mike DelPrete, a real estate researcher and scholar-inresidence at University of Colorado, Boulder, stated that "[t]he fact that Zillow can't make it work shouldn't be the final death knell for iBuying The other companies are making improvements, and Zillow's not. They're still losing lots of money."

35. On this news, Zillow's Class A share price fell \$19.62, or 23%, to close at \$65.86 per share on November 3, 2021, on unusually heavy trading volume. Zillow's Class C share price fell \$21.73, or 25%, to close at \$65.47 per share on November 3, 2021, on unusually heavy trading volume.

PLAINTIFF'S CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

- 36. Plaintiff brings this action as a class action pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23(a) and (b)(3) on behalf of a class, consisting of all persons and entities that purchased or otherwise acquired Zillow securities during the Class Period, and who were damaged thereby (the "Class"). Excluded from the Class are Defendants, the officers and directors of the Company, at all relevant times, members of their immediate families and their legal representatives, heirs, successors, or assigns, and any entity in which Defendants have or had a controlling interest.
- 37. The members of the Class are so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable. Throughout the Class Period, Zillow's shares actively traded on the NASDAQ.

While the exact number of Class members is unknown to Plaintiff at this time and can only be ascertained through appropriate discovery, Plaintiff believes that there are at least hundreds or thousands of members in the proposed Class. Millions of Zillow shares were traded publicly during the Class Period on the NASDAQ. Record owners and other members of the Class may be identified from records maintained by Zillow or its transfer agent and may be notified of the pendency of this action by mail, using the form of notice similar to that customarily used in securities class actions.

- 38. Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the members of the Class as all members of the Class are similarly affected by Defendants' wrongful conduct in violation of federal law that is complained of herein.
- 39. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the members of the Class and has retained counsel competent and experienced in class and securities litigation.
- 40. Common questions of law and fact exist as to all members of the Class and predominate over any questions solely affecting individual members of the Class. Among the questions of law and fact common to the Class are:
- (a) whether the federal securities laws were violated by Defendants' acts as alleged herein;
- (b) whether statements made by Defendants to the investing public during the Class Period omitted and/or misrepresented material facts about the business, operations, and prospects of Zillow; and
- (c) to what extent the members of the Class have sustained damages and the proper measure of damages.

41. A class action is superior to all other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy since joinder of all members is impracticable. Furthermore, as the damages suffered by individual Class members may be relatively small, the expense and burden of individual litigation makes it impossible for members of the Class to individually redress the wrongs done to them. There will be no difficulty in the management of this action as a class action.

UNDISCLOSED ADVERSE FACTS

- 42. The market for Zillow's securities was open, well-developed, and efficient at all relevant times. As a result of these materially false and/or misleading statements, and/or failures to disclose, Zillow's securities traded at artificially inflated prices during the Class Period. Plaintiff and other members of the Class purchased or otherwise acquired Zillow's securities relying upon the integrity of the market price of the Company's securities and market information relating to Zillow, and have been damaged thereby.
- 43. During the Class Period, Defendants materially misled the investing public, thereby inflating the price of Zillow's securities, by publicly issuing false and/or misleading statements and/or omitting to disclose material facts necessary to make Defendants' statements, as set forth herein, not false and/or misleading. The statements and omissions were materially false and/or misleading because they failed to disclose material adverse information and/or misrepresented the truth about Zillow's business, operations, and prospects as alleged herein.
- 44. At all relevant times, the material misrepresentations and omissions particularized in this Complaint directly or proximately caused or were a substantial contributing cause of the damages sustained by Plaintiff and other members of the Class. As described herein, during the Class Period, Defendants made or caused to be made a series of materially false and/or misleading statements about Zillow's financial well-being and prospects. These material

misstatements and/or omissions had the cause and effect of creating in the market an unrealistically positive assessment of the Company and its financial well-being and prospects, thus causing the Company's securities to be overvalued and artificially inflated at all relevant times. Defendants' materially false and/or misleading statements during the Class Period resulted in Plaintiff and other members of the Class purchasing the Company's securities at artificially inflated prices, thus causing the damages complained of herein when the truth was revealed.

LOSS CAUSATION

- 45. Defendants' wrongful conduct, as alleged herein, directly and proximately caused the economic loss suffered by Plaintiff and the Class.
- 46. During the Class Period, Plaintiff and the Class purchased Zillow's securities at artificially inflated prices and were damaged thereby. The price of the Company's securities significantly declined when the misrepresentations made to the market, and/or the information alleged herein to have been concealed from the market, and/or the effects thereof, were revealed, causing investors' losses.

SCIENTER ALLEGATIONS

47. As alleged herein, Defendants acted with scienter since Defendants knew that the public documents and statements issued or disseminated in the name of the Company were materially false and/or misleading; knew that such statements or documents would be issued or disseminated to the investing public; and knowingly and substantially participated or acquiesced in the issuance or dissemination of such statements or documents as primary violations of the federal securities laws. As set forth elsewhere herein in detail, the Individual Defendants, by virtue of their receipt of information reflecting the true facts regarding Zillow, their control over, and/or receipt and/or modification of Zillow's allegedly materially misleading misstatements

and/or their associations with the Company which made them privy to confidential proprietary information concerning Zillow, participated in the fraudulent scheme alleged herein.

APPLICABILITY OF PRESUMPTION OF RELIANCE (FRAUD-ON-THE-MARKET DOCTRINE)

- 48. The market for Zillow's securities was open, well-developed and efficient at all relevant times. As a result of the materially false and/or misleading statements and/or failures to disclose, Zillow's securities traded at artificially inflated prices during the Class Period. On February 16, 2021, the Company's Class A share price closed at a Class Period high of \$203.79 and its Class C share price closed at a Class Period high of \$199.90 per share. Plaintiff and other members of the Class purchased or otherwise acquired the Company's securities relying upon the integrity of the market price of Zillow's securities and market information relating to Zillow, and have been damaged thereby.
- 49. During the Class Period, the artificial inflation of Zillow's shares was caused by the material misrepresentations and/or omissions particularized in this Complaint causing the damages sustained by Plaintiff and other members of the Class. As described herein, during the Class Period, Defendants made or caused to be made a series of materially false and/or misleading statements about Zillow's business, prospects, and operations. These material misstatements and/or omissions created an unrealistically positive assessment of Zillow and its business, operations, and prospects, thus causing the price of the Company's securities to be artificially inflated at all relevant times, and when disclosed, negatively affected the value of the Company shares. Defendants' materially false and/or misleading statements during the Class Period resulted in Plaintiff and other members of the Class purchasing the Company's securities at such artificially inflated prices, and each of them has been damaged as a result.

- 50. At all relevant times, the market for Zillow's securities was an efficient market for the following reasons, among others:
- (a) Zillow shares met the requirements for listing and were listed and actively traded on the NASDAQ, a highly efficient and automated market;
- (b) As a regulated issuer, Zillow filed periodic public reports with the SEC and/or the NASDAQ;
- (c) Zillow regularly communicated with public investors via established market communication mechanisms, including through regular dissemination of press releases on the national circuits of major newswire services and through other wide-ranging public disclosures, such as communications with the financial press and other similar reporting services; and/or
- (d) Zillow was followed by securities analysts employed by brokerage firms who wrote reports about the Company, and these reports were distributed to the sales force and certain customers of their respective brokerage firms. Each of these reports was publicly available and entered the public marketplace.
- 51. As a result of the foregoing, the market for Zillow's securities promptly digested current information regarding Zillow from all publicly available sources and reflected such information in Zillow's share price. Under these circumstances, all purchasers of Zillow's securities during the Class Period suffered similar injury through their purchase of Zillow's securities at artificially inflated prices and a presumption of reliance applies.
- 52. A Class-wide presumption of reliance is also appropriate in this action under the Supreme Court's holding in *Affiliated Ute Citizens of Utah v. United States*, 406 U.S. 128 (1972), because the Class's claims are, in large part, grounded on Defendants' material misstatements

and/or omissions. Because this action involves Defendants' failure to disclose material adverse information regarding the Company's business operations and financial prospects—information that Defendants were obligated to disclose—positive proof of reliance is not a prerequisite to recovery. All that is necessary is that the facts withheld be material in the sense that a reasonable investor might have considered them important in making investment decisions. Given the importance of the Class Period material misstatements and omissions set forth above, that requirement is satisfied here.

NO SAFE HARBOR

53. The statutory safe harbor provided for forward-looking statements under certain circumstances does not apply to any of the allegedly false statements pleaded in this Complaint. The statements alleged to be false and misleading herein all relate to then-existing facts and conditions. In addition, to the extent certain of the statements alleged to be false may be characterized as forward looking, they were not identified as "forward-looking statements" when made and there were no meaningful cautionary statements identifying important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in the purportedly forward-looking statements. In the alternative, to the extent that the statutory safe harbor is determined to apply to any forward-looking statements pleaded herein, Defendants are liable for those false forward-looking statements because at the time each of those forward-looking statements was made, the speaker had actual knowledge that the forward-looking statement was materially false or

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT - 18

BADGLEY MULLINS TURNER PLLC

misleading, and/or the forward-looking statement was authorized or approved by an executive officer of Zillow who knew that the statement was false when made.

COUNT I

(Violations of Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act and Rule 10b-5 Promulgated Thereunder Against All Defendants)

- 54. Plaintiff repeats and re-alleges each and every allegation contained above as if fully set forth herein.
- 55. During the Class Period, Defendants carried out a plan, scheme and course of conduct which was intended to and, throughout the Class Period, did: (i) deceive the investing public, including Plaintiff and other Class members, as alleged herein; and (ii) cause Plaintiff and other members of the Class to purchase Zillow's securities at artificially inflated prices. In furtherance of this unlawful scheme, plan, and course of conduct, Defendants, and each defendant, took the actions set forth herein.
- 56. Defendants: (i) employed devices, schemes, and artifices to defraud; (ii) made untrue statements of material fact and/or omitted to state material facts necessary to make the statements not misleading; and (iii) engaged in acts, practices, and a course of business which operated as a fraud and deceit upon the purchasers of the Company's securities in an effort to maintain artificially high market prices for Zillow's securities in violation of Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder. All Defendants are sued either as primary participants in the wrongful and illegal conduct charged herein or as controlling persons as alleged below.
- 57. Defendants, individually and in concert, directly and indirectly, by the use, means, or instrumentalities of interstate commerce and/or of the mails, engaged and participated in a

continuous course of conduct to conceal adverse material information about Zillow's financial well-being and prospects, as specified herein.

- 58. Defendants employed devices, schemes, and artifices to defraud while in possession of material adverse non-public information and engaged in acts, practices, and a course of conduct as alleged herein in an effort to assure investors of Zillow's value and performance and continued substantial growth, which included the making of, or the participation in the making of, untrue statements of material facts and/or omitting to state material facts necessary in order to make the statements made about Zillow and its business operations and future prospects in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading, as set forth more particularly herein, and engaged in transactions, practices, and a course of business which operated as a fraud and deceit upon the purchasers of the Company's securities during the Class Period.
- 59. Each of the Individual Defendants' primary liability and controlling person liability arises from the following facts: (i) the Individual Defendants were high-level executives and/or directors at the Company during the Class Period and members of the Company's management team or had control thereof; (ii) each of these defendants, by virtue of their responsibilities and activities as a senior officer and/or director of the Company, was privy to and participated in the creation, development, and reporting of the Company's internal budgets, plans, projections, and/or reports; (iii) each of these defendants enjoyed significant personal contact and familiarity with the other defendants and was advised of, and had access to, other members of the Company's management team, internal reports, and other data and information about the Company's finances, operations, and sales at all relevant times; and (iv) each of these

TEL 206.621.6566 FAX 206.621.9686

defendants was aware of the Company's dissemination of information to the investing public which they knew and/or recklessly disregarded was materially false and misleading.

60. Defendants had actual knowledge of the misrepresentations and/or omissions of material facts set forth herein, or acted with reckless disregard for the truth in that they failed to ascertain and to disclose such facts, even though such facts were available to them. Such defendants' material misrepresentations and/or omissions were done knowingly or recklessly and for the purpose and effect of concealing Zillow's financial well-being and prospects from the investing public and supporting the artificially inflated price of its securities. As demonstrated by Defendants' overstatements and/or misstatements of the Company's business, operations, financial well-being, and prospects throughout the Class Period, Defendants, if they did not have actual knowledge of the misrepresentations and/or omissions alleged, were reckless in failing to obtain such knowledge by deliberately refraining from taking those steps necessary to discover whether those statements were false or misleading.

61. As a result of the dissemination of the materially false and/or misleading information and/or failure to disclose material facts, as set forth above, the market price of Zillow's securities was artificially inflated during the Class Period. In ignorance of the fact that market prices of the Company's securities were artificially inflated, and relying directly or indirectly on the false and misleading statements made by Defendants, or upon the integrity of the market in which the securities trade, and/or in the absence of material adverse information that was known to or recklessly disregarded by Defendants, but not disclosed in public statements by Defendants during the Class Period, Plaintiff and the other members of the Class acquired Zillow's securities during the Class Period at artificially high prices and were damaged thereby.

- 62. At the time of said misrepresentations and/or omissions, Plaintiff and other members of the Class were ignorant of their falsity, and believed them to be true. Had Plaintiff and the other members of the Class and the marketplace known the truth regarding the problems that Zillow was experiencing, which were not disclosed by Defendants, Plaintiff and other members of the Class would not have purchased or otherwise acquired their Zillow securities, or, if they had acquired such securities during the Class Period, they would not have done so at the artificially inflated prices which they paid.
- 63. By virtue of the foregoing, Defendants violated Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder.
- 64. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' wrongful conduct, Plaintiff and the other members of the Class suffered damages in connection with their respective purchases and sales of the Company's securities during the Class Period.

COUNT II

(Violations of Section 20(a) of the Exchange Act Against the Individual Defendants)

- 65. Plaintiff repeats and re-alleges each and every allegation contained above as if fully set forth herein.
- 66. The Individual Defendants acted as controlling persons of Zillow within the meaning of Section 20(a) of the Exchange Act as alleged herein. By virtue of their high-level positions and their ownership and contractual rights, participation in, and/or awareness of the Company's operations and intimate knowledge of the false financial statements filed by the Company with the SEC and disseminated to the investing public, the Individual Defendants had the power to influence and control and did influence and control, directly or indirectly, the decision-making of the Company, including the content and dissemination of the various statements which Plaintiff contends are false and misleading. The Individual Defendants were

provided with or had unlimited access to copies of the Company's reports, press releases, public filings, and other statements alleged by Plaintiff to be misleading prior to and/or shortly after these statements were issued and had the ability to prevent the issuance of the statements or cause the statements to be corrected.

- 67. In particular, the Individual Defendants had direct and supervisory involvement in the day-to-day operations of the Company and, therefore, had the power to control or influence the particular transactions giving rise to the securities violations as alleged herein, and exercised the same.
- 68. As set forth above, Defendants each violated Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder by their acts and omissions as alleged in this Complaint. By virtue of their position as controlling persons, the Individual Defendants are liable pursuant to Section 20(a) of the Exchange Act. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' wrongful conduct, Plaintiff and other members of the Class suffered damages in connection with their purchases of the Company's securities during the Class Period.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for relief and judgment, as follows:

- A. Determining that this action is a proper class action under Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure;
- B. Awarding compensatory damages in favor of Plaintiff and the other Class members against all defendants, jointly and severally, for all damages sustained as a result of Defendants' wrongdoing, in an amount to be proven at trial, including interest thereon;
- C. Awarding Plaintiff and the Class their reasonable costs and expenses incurred in this action, including counsel fees and expert fees; and
 - D. Such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

1	JURY TRIAL DEMANDED					
2	Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by j	ury.				
3 4	DATED this 19 th day of November, 2021					
5		Respectfully submitted,				
6		BADGLEY MULLINS TURNER PLLC				
7		/s/ Duncan C. Turner_ Duncan C. Turner, WSBA No. 20597				
8		Duncan C. Turner, WSBA No. 20597 19929 Ballinger Way NE, Suite 200 Seattle, WA 98155				
9		Tel: (206) 621-6566 Email: dturner@badgleymullins.com				
10		Of Counsel				
11		POMERANTZ LLP Jeremy A. Lieberman (pro hac vice forthcoming)				
12		J. Alexander Hood II (<i>pro hac vice</i> forthcoming) 600 Third Avenue, 20th Floor				
14		New York, New York 10016 Tel: (212) 661-1100				
15		Fax: (212) 661-8665 Email: jalieberman@pomlaw.com Email: ahood@pomlaw.com				
16		SHAYE FUCHS, ESQ.				
17		Shaye Fuchs (<i>pro hac vice</i> forthcoming) 37 Arrowhead Lane				
18		Lawrence, New York 11559 Tel: (516) 509-8755				
19		Email: sfuchsesq@aol.com				
20		Attorneys for Plaintiff				
21						
22						
23						
24						
25						
26						
27						

Seattle, WA 98155 TEL 206.621.6566 FAX 206.621.9686

Attachment 1

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO FEDERAL SECURITIES LAWS

- 1. I, Steven Silverberg, make this declaration pursuant to Section 27(a)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933 ("Securities Act") and/or Section 21D(a)(2) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Exchange Act") as amended by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.
- I have reviewed a Complaint against Zillow Group, Inc. ("Zillow" or the "Company") and authorize the filing of a comparable complaint on my behalf.
- I did not purchase or acquire Zillow securities at the direction of plaintiffs'
 counsel or in order to participate in any private action arising under the Securities Act or
 Exchange Act.
- 4. I am willing to serve as a representative party on behalf of a Class of investors who purchased or otherwise acquired Zillow securities during the class period, including providing testimony at deposition and trial, if necessary. I understand that the Court has the authority to select the most adequate lead plaintiff in this action.
- The attached sheet lists all of my transactions in Zillow securities during the Class
 Period as specified in the Complaint.
- 6. During the three-year period preceding the date on which this Certification is signed, I have not served or sought to serve as a representative party on behalf of a class under the federal securities laws.
- 7. I agree not to accept any payment for serving as a representative party on behalf of the class as set forth in the Complaint, beyond my pro rata share of any recovery, except such reasonable costs and expenses directly relating to the representation of the class as ordered or approved by the Court.

8. I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the foregoing is true and correct.

Case 2:21-cv-01567 Document 1-1 Filed 11/19/21 Page 4 of 4

Zillow Group, Inc. (Z; ZG) Silverberg, Steven

List of Purchases and Sales

	Transaction		Number of	Price Per	
Ticker	Type	Date	Shares/Unit	Share/Unit	
Z	Purchase	3/22/2021	84	\$137.4600	
Z	Purchase	5/20/2021	97	\$111.2092	
Z	Purchase	8/23/2021	36	\$97.5563	
Z	Sale	2/22/2021	(90)	\$171.7059	

Case 2:21-cv-015671 Page 1 of 2

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

purpose of initiating the civil d	ocket sheet. (SEE INSTRUC	CTIONS ON NEXT PAGE O	F THIS FO		TDC.					
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS				DEFENDAN'	TS					
STEVEN SILVERBERG, Individually and On Behalf			f All ZILLOW Group, INC., RICHARD BARTON, ALLEN							
Others Similarly Situated				PARKER, and JEREMY WACKSMAN						
	(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff Monroe County, P									
(EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)							LAINTIFF CASES C		<u>.y, vv/ (</u>	
				NOTE: IN LAND	CONI	DEMNATI	ON CASES, USE T IVOLVED.	HE LOCATION	l OF	
				THE IRA	ACT OF	LAND IN	IVOLVED.			
(c) Attorneys (Firm Name,	Address, and Telephone Number	er)		Attorneys (If Know	wn)					
See Appendix										
II. BASIS OF JURISD	ICTION (Place an "X" in	One Box Only)		TIZENSHIP OF		NCIPA				
1 U.S. Government	✗ 3 Federal Question			(For Diversity Cases Or	nly) PTF	DEF	6	and One Box for	Defendant, PTF	DEF
Plaintiff	(U.S. Government)	Not a Party)	Citize	en of This State		X 1	Incorporated or Pr	rincinal Place		DEF ☐ 4
1 militii	(e.s. Government	ivoi a 1 arty)	CHIZC	on or rins state	ш.	· ·	of Business In T		ш.	ш.
	□ 4 TS: '4		G.v.	CA d Co	ша		T	D : : 1 DI		П.
2 U.S. Government Defendant	4 Diversity (Indicate Citizensh	ip of Parties in Item III)	Citize	en of Another State	x 2	2	Incorporated and I of Business In A		5	5
Defendant	(mateure Citizensii	ip of 1 arties in hem 111)					or Business in r	momer state		
				en or Subject of a	3	3	Foreign Nation		<u> </u>	6
IV NATURE OF CHI			For	reign Country	~1		0. 27			
IV. NATURE OF SUI			LEG				for: Nature of S			
CONTRACT		ORTS		ORFEITURE/PENALT	Y		KRUPTCY		RSTATUT	
110 Insurance 120 Marine	PERSONAL INJURY 310 Airplane	PERSONAL INJURY 365 Personal Injury -		5 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 8	₈₁	422 App 423 Wit	beal 28 USC 158		Claims Act am (31 US	
130 Miller Act	315 Airplane Product	Product Liability	69	0 Other	°	_	USC 157	3729(C
140 Negotiable Instrument	Liability	367 Health Care/					CLLECTUAL		Reapportio	nment
150 Recovery of Overpayment	320 Assault, Libel &	Pharmaceutical				_	ERTY RIGHTS	410 Antitr		
& Enforcement of Judgmen 151 Medicare Act	Slander 330 Federal Employers'	Personal Injury Product Liability			F	820 Cop		430 Banks 450 Comn	and Banki	ing
152 Recovery of Defaulted	Liability	368 Asbestos Personal			┢	_	ent - Abbreviated	460 Depor		
Student Loans	340 Marine	Injury Product				Nev	v Drug Application		teer Influe	
(Excludes Veterans) 153 Recovery of Overpayment	345 Marine Product Liability	Liability PERSONAL PROPERT	rv 📙	LABOR		840 Trac		L .	pt Organiza ımer Credit	
of Veteran's Benefits	350 Motor Vehicle	370 Other Fraud		0 Fair Labor Standards	_		end Trade Secrets of 2016		SC 1681 o	
x 160 Stockholders' Suits	355 Motor Vehicle	371 Truth in Lending		Act		Act	01 2010		hone Const	
190 Other Contract	Product Liability	380 Other Personal	72	0 Labor/Management			L SECURITY		ction Act	
195 Contract Product Liability 196 Franchise	360 Other Personal	Property Damage	L ₇₄	Relations 0 Railway Labor Act	⊢		k (1395ff) ck Lung (923)	490 Cable	/Sat TV ities/Comm	a a diti a a /
190 Franchise	Injury 362 Personal Injury -	385 Property Damage Product Liability		1 Family and Medical	⊢	-	VC/DIWW (405(g))			lountes/
	Medical Malpractice			Leave Act			D Title XVI	890 Other	_	Actions
REAL PROPERTY	CIVIL RIGHTS	PRISONER PETITION		0 Other Labor Litigation		865 RSI	(405(g))	891 Agrica		
210 Land Condemnation 220 Foreclosure	440 Other Civil Rights 441 Voting	Habeas Corpus: 463 Alien Detainee	\Box^{79}	1 Employee Retirement Income Security Act		EEDED	AT TAV CHITC		onmental M om of Info	
230 Rent Lease & Ejectment	442 Employment	510 Motions to Vacate		income security Act	F	_	es (U.S. Plaintiff	Act	JIII OI IIIIOI	IIIIatioii
240 Torts to Land	443 Housing/	Sentence					Defendant)	896 Arbitr	ation	
245 Tort Product Liability	Accommodations	530 General					—Third Party	899 Admir		
290 All Other Real Property	445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Employment	535 Death Penalty	146	IMMIGRATION	ation	26	USC 7609		eview or A	
	446 Amer. w/Disabilities -	Other: 540 Mandamus & Othe		2 Naturalization Applica 5 Other Immigration	ation			950 Const	y Decision itutionality	
	Other	550 Civil Rights		Actions				State S	Statutes	
	448 Education	555 Prison Condition 560 Civil Detainee -								
		Conditions of								
		Confinement								
V. ORIGIN (Place an "X"	in One Box Only)									
I a l ~ II		Remanded from	II .		nsferre		6 Multidistr		Multidis	
Proceeding Sta	ate Court	Appellate Court	Reop		other D	istrict	Litigation	. =	Litigation Direct I	
	Cita the IIC Civil St.	atute under which you are	e filine (I	\ 1	327		Transfer		Directi	riie
	88 10(b) and 20(a) of t	the Exchange Act (15 U.S			i statute	s uniess ai	versuy).			
VI. CAUSE OF ACTION	ON Brief description of ca		33 . 0	J(2) and rot(a))						
	Securities Act Violation									
VII. REQUESTED IN	CHECK IF THIS	IS A CLASS ACTION	D]	EMAND \$		С	HECK YES only	if demanded i	n compla	int:
COMPLAINT:	UNDER RULE 23, F.R.Cv.P.			ν 2 11 (12 ψ		JURY DEMAND: ✓ Yes No				
							DENHIND.			
VIII. RELATED CAS	(See instructions):									
IF ANY	(See mon actions).	JUDGE Thomas S	S. Zilly			_DOCK	ET NUMBER _2:	:21-cv-01551-T	SZ	
DATE		SIGNATURE OF ATT	ORNEY (OF RECORD						
November 19, 2021		/s/ Duncan C. Turner								
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY										
	MOUNT	ADDI VINIC IED		шро	E .		MAC III	DCE		
RECEIPT # A	MOUNT	APPLYING IFP		JUDGI	Ľ		MAG. JUI	DOE		

Appendix

Attorneys for Plaintiff

BADGLEY MULLINS TURNER PLLC

Duncan C. Turner, WSBA No. 20597 19929 Ballinger Way NE, Suite 200 Seattle, WA 98155 Telephone: (206) 621-6566 Facsimile: (206) 621-9686

Email: dturner@badgleymullins.com

United States District Court

for the

District of Weshir

	Western District	of Washington	
STEVEN SILVERBERG, IND BEHALF OF ALL OTHERS SI			
Plaintiff(s)			
v.		Civil Action No. 2:21-cv-	1567
ZILLOW GROUP, INC., RICHA PARKER, AND JEREM	,		
)		
	SUMMONS IN A	CIVIL ACTION	
To: (Defendant's name and address)	Zillow Group, Inc. Richard Barton, Allen Parker 1301 Second Ave, FL 31 Seattle, WA 98101	, and Jeremy Wacksman	
A lawsuit has been filed	l against you.		
are the United States or a United P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must s	d States agency, or an officer serve on the plaintiff an answ	or employee of the United States er to the attached complaint or a must be served on the plaintiff of	s described in Fed. R. Civ. motion under Rule 12 of
	19929 Ballinger Way NE, Su		
	Seattle, WA 98155		
	T: 206-621-6566 E: dturner@badgleymullins.o	com	
If you fail to respond, ju You also must file your answer	•	ntered against you for the relief de	emanded in the complaint.
		CLERK OF COURT	
Date:		Signature of Cl	erk or Deputy Clerk
		signature of Ci	етк от Беригу Стегк